

Data Center Architectures evolution - SDN to the rescue

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Agenda

- Introduction to Datacenter.
- Datacenter Networking evolution.
- VXLAN BGP EVPN Fabric overview.
- Application Centric Infrastructure (ACI) overview.
 - Cisco ACI components.
 - Network services integrations.
 - Microsegmentation overview.
 - ACI operations.

By 2023

...the number of applications running in the data center and edge locations increases by 300%

P-

...of organizations cite manual processes and siloed teams as top bottlenecks in app delivery pipelines

Operations

App Experience Agility

61%

75%

...of Global 2000 IT organizations will adopt automated operations practices to transform their IT workforce to support unprecedented scale by 2023

Data Center Economics

Overall Spend Distribution



Server-Related Spend

WW New Server, Power, Cooling, Management, and Administration Spending Share



Source: IDC #250082, "Worldwide Server, Power and Cooling, and Management and Administration Spending 2014–2018 Forecast," August 2014

Source: Gartner, Cisco IT, "Data Center Cost Portfolio"

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Datacenter Networking Evolution

Application Centric Infrastructure (ACI)



VXLAN BGP EVPN Fabric



VxLAN-BGP EVPN standard-based

3rd party controller support

Cisco Controller for software overlay provisioning and management

Traditional Tiered



Modern NX-OS with enhanced NX-APIs

Command Line or Cisco Controller for management

Turnkey integrated solution with security, centralized management, compliance and scale

Automated application centric-policy model with embedded security

Broad and deep ecosystem

VXLAN BGP EVPN Fabric Overview

Introducing VXLAN



VXLAN Data Plane Packet

• VXLAN is point to multi-point tunneling mechanism to extend Layer 2 networks over an IP network



• VXLAN uses MAC in UDP encapsulation (UDP destination port 4789). VXLAN Adds 50 Bytes to the original frame.





VXLAN BGP EVPN Configuration

VTEP Virtual Networks and Overlay Interface



VXLAN Benefits

Customer Needs	VXLAN Delivered
Any workload anywhere - VLANs limited by L3 boundaries	Any Workload anywhere- across Layer 3 boundaries
VM Mobility	Seamless VM Mobility
Scale above 4k Segments (VLAN limitation)	Scale up to 16M segments
Efficient use of bandwidth	Leverages ECMP for optimal path usage over the transport network
Secure Multi-tenancy	Traffic & Address Isolation

Application Centric Infrastructure (ACI) Overview

What is Cisco ACI



 Cisco ACI is the industry's most secure, open, and comprehensive Software-Defined Networking (SDN) solution.



 Cisco[®] Application Centric Infrastructure (Cisco ACI[®]) is part of intentbased networking framework to enable agility and resiliency in the data center.



 Cisco ACI enables automation that accelerates infrastructure deployment and governance, simplifies management to easily move workloads across a multifabric and multicloud framework.

Cisco ACI components

There are two main parts to an ACI fabric:

1) Physical fabric built with Nexus 9000 switches and based on a Leaf / Spine architecture.



There are two main parts to an ACI fabric:



2) Application Policy Infrastructure Controller (APIC): a unified DC network policy management system.

Smallest ACI Fabric in 2 DCs



Central Management of the entire network.



- Single point for configuration and troubleshooting.
- Reduced possibility of human error.
- No extra effort as you scale.
- Easy deployment of new leaf switches.



Simplified topology Spine-leaf



ACI Anywhere Any Workload, Any Location, Any Cloud



Network Services Integration

Furthering the reach with ACI integrations



Connecting ACI to Hypervisor Environment

- ACI can manage existing Hypervisor environments to automate provisioning of network resources for VMs
- Dynamically provisions and configures VLANs on Leafs and interfaces
- Provides ACI insight into VMMs and allows dynamic configuration of Virtual networks
- VMM Domain policy creates a DVS with the name of the VMM Domain policy



ACI Microsegmentation Overview

What is Micro Segmentation?

Segmentation

Micro Segmentation



Segment = Broadcast domain / VLAN / Subnet

Why Micro Segmentation?

- Perimeter security is not enough: once breached, lateral movement can allow attackers to compromise much more
- Improve the security posture inside the Data center
- Minimize segment size and provide smallest exposure to lateral movement
- Changing data center landscape in the multi-cloud era







Inside our 4 Walls



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A Micro Segmentation Use Case



End Point Group



In the ACI model, we do this using the End Point Group (EPG).

Contracts – IP Agnostic Policy Definitions

- Contracts are semantics to specify EPG to EPG communication in ACI
- Communication policy includes filters (ACLs), QoS and Service Graphs
- Contract filters are similar to Access Control Lists
- Contracts can be defined between EPGs or between L3out External EPGs and regular EPGs



By default communication between EPGs is not allowed in absence of contracts



Cisco ACI Supports Flexible East-West Security Models



L4 Stateless Firewall Attached to Every Server Port

Line Rate Policy Enforcement

Policy Follows Workloads



Advanced Protection with NGFW, IPS/IDS, DDoS Services Insertion

Sizing at Scale: Can add ASA Cluster

L4-7 Security Policy Applied Consistently for Any Workload

ACI Operations

Day -2 Operations

Navigating to the System Health Dashboard will identify the switch that has a diminished health score

Double clicking on that leaf will allow navigation into the faults raised on that device. Here we click on rtp_leaf1

uluilu cisco	SYSTEM	TENANTS	FABRIC	VM NETWORKING	L4-L7 SERVICES	ADMIN	P	i	welco	me, admin 🔻
QUICKSTART CON	CEPTS DASHBOARD	CONTROLLERS FA	66			Fault (Counts By	Domain	1	
						FAULT LEVEL	8	Δ	V	Δ
75						SYSTEM WI	DE 31	31	147	152
						Access	25	2	92	149
50	•					External	0	6	0	0
25						Framework	0	17	0	0
						Infra	6	6	28	3
0	00 15 Oct	t 04:00	08:00	12:00	16:00	Management	0	0	0	0
20.	15.00	ι 04.00	Time	12.00	10.00	Security	0	0	0	0
	,	5 Oct	08-00			Tenant	0	0	27	0
4	V I	5. Oct		J	16:00	Fault (Counts By	Туре		
Nodes Wit	h Health <=	99		99		FAULT LEVEL	8		V	
		ТҮРЕ		HEALTH SCORE		Communicati	ons 2	2	92	141
rtp_leaf1		leaf		73		Config	0	4	31	3
rtp_leaf2		leaf		98		Environmenta	l 2	0	1	0
rtp_leaf3		leaf		69		Operational	27	25	23	8

Infrastructure and Services Backups - Snapshots

- Rollback feature allows config rollback between 2 snapshots
- Can also compare differences between a previous SS

C	2		
	Snapshots	File Name	File Size (Bytes)
0	2017-02-13 15:02:34.508	ce2_defaultOneTime_tn-Joey-Tenant-2017-0	8511
O	2017-02-13 15:05:19.968	ce2_defaultOneTime_tn-Joey-Tenant-2017-0	8513
ROLLBACK TO THIS C	ONFIGURATION Compare	with previous snapshot: Select a snapshot	

<

Showing changes from 2017-02-13 15:05:19.968 to 2017-02-13 15:06:16.401 You may undo these changes if they are undesirable

~ <fvtenant< td=""><td></td><td>1</td></fvtenant<>		1
name="Joey-Tenant"	Object	
rn="tn-Joey-Tenant"	-	
>		
<fvbd< td=""><td></td><td></td></fvbd<>		
name="Joey-BD3"		
rn="BD-Joey-BD3"		
vmac="not-applicable"		
unkMacUcastAct="flood"	Changed To	
unkMacUcastAct="proxy"	Changed From	
multiDstPktAct="bd-flood"		
mcastAllow="no"		
mac="00:22:BD:F8:19:FF"		
unicastRoute="yes"		
unkMcastAct="flood"		
arpFlood="no"	Changed From	
limitIpLearnToSubnets="yes"		
llAddr="::"		
arpFlood="yes"	Changed To	
type="regular"		
ipLearning="yes"		
>		

Troubleshoot specific flow



Troubleshoot specific endpoint

Syste	m Tenants	Fabric	Virtual Networking	L4-L7 Services	Admin	Operations	Apps				
			Visibil	ity & Troubleshooting	Capacity Da	shboard A	Cl Optimizer	EP Tracker	Visualization		
EP T	racker d Point Search										
00	0:00:DE:AD:00:01										Search
L	earned At		Tenant	Application	n	E	PG		IP		
F	Pod:1, Leaf:101, Por	t:eth1/23	AutoLab	APP1		1	EPG1		192.168.101.1		
S	tate Transit • _{Date}	ions IP	MAC	EPG		Action	Nod	le	Interface	Encap	

2020/08/10 18:24:39	192.168.101.1	00:00:DE:AD:00:01	AutoLab/APP1/EPG1	attached	Pod-1/Node-101	eth1/23	vlan-8
2020/08/10 18:24:16	192.168.101.1	00:00:DE:AD:00:01	AutoLab/APP1/EPG1	detached	Pod-1/Node-101	eth1/23	vlan-8
2020/08/10 18:21:59	192.168.101.1	00:00:DE:AD:00:01	AutoLab/APP1/EPG1	attached	Pod-1/Node-101	eth1/23	vlan-8
2020/08/10 18:19:01	192.168.101.1	00:00:DE:AD:00:01	AutoLab/APP1/EPG1	detached	Pod-1/Node-101	eth1/23	vlan-3801
2020/08/07 17:10:21	192.168.101.1	00:00:DE:AD:00:01	AutoLab/APP1/EPG1	attached	Pod-1/Node-101	eth1/23	vlan-3801
2020/08/07 17:03:21	192.168.101.1	00:00:DE:AD:00:01	AutoLab/APP1/EPG1	detached	Pod-1/Node-101	eth1/23	vlan-3801

Summary

Challenges of Traditional Network









No default security isolation





Static Configuration No Automation



Coordination between Network and Server Team



- Advanced visibility for network admins.
- Easiest tshoot.

Useful Links

• Cisco ACI Design guide

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/dcn/whitepapers/cisco-application-centric-infrastructure-designguide.html

Cisco ACI Best Practises

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/dcn/whitepapers/cisco-aci-best-practices-quick-summary.html

• Cisco ACI white paper list

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/solutions/data-center-virtualization/application-centricinfrastructure/white-paper-listing.html

Cisco ACI videos in Youtube

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC-U0ud423cfgHls0bV2jxXw



Thank you

